

CONSORTIUM



WIP Renewable Energies, Germany
Rita Mergner (Rita.Mergner@wip-munich.de)
Dominik Rutz (Dominik.Rutz@wip-munich.de)



Biomassehof Achental, Germany
Stefan Hinterreiter
(s.hinterreiter@biomassehof-achental.de)



Community of Communes of Trièves, France
Laurie Scrimgeour
(l.scrimgeour@cdctrieves.fr)



Centre for Renewable Energy Sources and Saving, Greece
Ioannis Eleftheriadis (joel@cres.gr)



EKODOMA, Latvia
Ilze Dzene (Ilze@ekodoma.lv)



Energy Institute Hrvoje Požar, Croatia
Željka Fištrek (zfištrek@eihp.hr)



Energy Agency of the Zlín region, Czech Republic
Tomas Perutka (Tomas.Perutka@eazk.cz)



Latvian State Forest Research Institute
Silava, Latvia
Dagnija Lazdina (Dagnija.Lazdina@silava.lv)



Secondary School Car Samoil – Resen, Macedonia
Naumche Toskovski (toskovski@yahoo.com.mk)



Swedish University of Agricultural Sciences, Sweden
Jannis Dimitriou (Jannis.Dimitriou@slu.se)



SRCplus Coordination



www.srcplus.eu

Contact SRCplus Coordination

WIP - Renewable Energies, Germany
Rita Mergner
Rita.Mergner@wip-munich.de

Dominik Rutz
Dominik.Rutz@wip-munich.de

Tel: + 49 89 720 12 (-731) or (-739)
Fax: +49 (0) 89 720 12 791
www.wip-munich.de



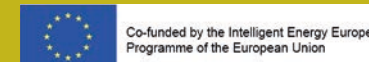
www.srcplus.eu

Short Rotation Woody Crops (SRC)
for local supply chains
and heat use



The sole responsibility for the content of this flyer lies with the authors. It does not necessarily reflect the opinion of the European Union. Neither the EASME nor the European Commission are responsible for any use that may be made of the information contained therein.

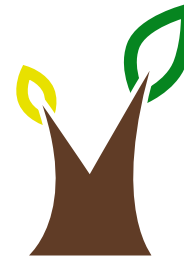
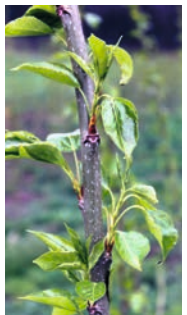
www.SRCplus.eu



Co-funded by the Intelligent Energy Europe Programme of the European Union

What is SRC?

Short rotation crops (SRCs) such as willow, poplar, robinia and others are woody, perennial fast growing tree species that can either re-grow (coppice) or be replanted after harvest. They are an excellent alternative to annual energy crops and can be complementary to the existing agricultural system. Aside from being used for energy production, the cultivation of SRC has many benefits compared to annual crops. They can help to improve water quality, enhance biodiversity, provide other ecosystem services and mitigate climate change.



SRCplus OBJECTIVES

Solid biomass from SRC can significantly contribute to reaching the 2020 bioenergy targets. The SRCplus project aims to support and speed-up the development of local supply chains of SRC. This will be reached by implementing 68 capacity building events for farmers, public land owners and small and medium users of woodchips. In addition, regional mobilization actions and cooperation activities with the industry will be implemented. Finally, sustainable practices in the SRC supply chains will be promoted in order to highlight the environmental benefits of SRC in comparison to other crops.

SRCplus REGIONS

In the SRCplus project SRC plantations are promoted in seven European regions.

- Achenal region (Germany)
- Eastern Croatia (Croatia)
- Vidzeme region (Latvia)
- Trièves region (France)
- Zlin region (Czech Republic)
- Kentriki Makedonia region (Greece)
- Prespa region (Macedonia)

